

# The Success of the Country in Resolving the Sunning of KRI Nanggala 402

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## Abstract

A year of remembering the sinking of KRI Nanggala 402 still leaves sorrow for the Indonesian people, where the knights of KRI Nanggala 402 who died were the best sons of the nation and patriots who firmly had the duty to maintain the sovereignty of the country. Marine Matra Soldiers with military discipline, hierarchy, and honor have been proven physically and mentally by soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 in carrying out their duties and responsibilities as soldiers of the Shark Kencana corps who have the motto "Wira Ananta Rudhiro" which means Persevere to the End. The sinking incident of KRI Nanggala 402 at a depth of 833 meters in the Bali Sea on April 21, 2021, the death of 53 of the best Indonesian Navy soldiers. The state has been present in an effort to resolve the sinking of KRI Nanggala 402 as a form of responsibility and respect for the fallen soldiers, especially the soldiers' families. In accordance with Law Number 34 of 2004 concerning the Indonesian National Army (TNI), in resolving the rights of the families of soldiers who died by ensuring the survival of the families of soldiers of KRI Nanggala-402, including the assistance and attention of several countries that have given attention to the families of soldiers of KRI Nanggala- 402, as well as changes in the policies of TNI leaders, especially the Navy. Thus, this study is a descriptive-analytical study of the efforts and successes of the state to resolve the sinking incident of KRI Nanggala-402 in the aspect of resolving the rights of families of soldiers who died in the line of duty and improving the submarine operational policy system in Indonesia.

**Keywords:** *KRI Nanggala 402, state presence, warrior family rights*

## 1. Introduction

The sinking incident of KRI Nanggala 402 and 53 soldiers of the Shark Kencana Corps in the Bali Sea on April 21, 2021, is a history of heroism for Indonesian Navy soldiers in carrying out their duties to maintain the security and sovereignty of the Indonesian nation, as well as a valuable experience for the Indonesian people. KRI Nanggala 402 is a Type 209/1300 Class submarine (Jane's Fighting Ship 2009), with the main task as a Warship of the Republic of Indonesia (KRI) in maintaining the security and sovereignty of the sea area in Indonesia, which has strategic aspects in its operation. The ship was designed by Ingenieurkontor in the city of Lübeck, built by Howaldtswerke in Kiel, and sold by the company Ferrostaal in Essen Saunders, Stephen, ed. (2009). The inauguration of its use was carried out by the Minister of Defense and Security / Commander of the Armed Forces General Mohammad Jusuf on October 21, 1981 at the Ujung Surabaya Pier, Kompas (22 October 1981). This means that KRI Nanggala 402 is an important part of securing Indonesia's maritime jurisdiction. KRI Nanggala 402 which has carried out a retrovit (overhaul) in 2011-2012 in South Korea has a long history in the aspects of operations and training of the Indonesian Navy, this has become the government's choice and policy in an effort to improve the technology it has (Supriyanto, 2018), in the form of the Weapon and Control (Sewaco) system owned by KRI Nanggala-402.

The sinking of KRI Nanggala 402 resulted in the death of 53 soldiers who were crew members of the submarine KRI Nanggala-402, which was carrying out training to increase the professionalism of soldiers and shooting tortoises in the Bali Sea, which caused deep sorrow, especially for the families of the Kencana Shark Corps soldiers. The state, in this case, through various elements in the government, played a major role in efforts to resolve the problem of the sinking of KRI Nanggala-402, from the search stage to the

evacuation of the wreckage of KRI Nanggala 402 on the seabed after the incident. raising the flag at half-mast nationally, awards in the form of promotions and Jalasena service stars to the fallen crew of KRI Nanggala-402, as well as settlement of the rights of soldiers' families as heirs, as well as social security aimed at the survival of the families of soldiers of KRI Nanggala-402, such as Jasaraharja which provided 1.45 billion in compensation for the families of KRI Nanggala 402 soldiers, Finansial.bisnis.com (29 April 2021). The government has guaranteed welfare for the families of soldiers who died in the KRI Nanggala-402 incident, with a focus on human resource development, economic fulfillment and education. According to Astuti (2021) in addition to the economic aspect of development, development is carried out in the aspect of Human Resources (HR), which can be interpreted as a form of the presence and success of the State in improving the lives of its citizens, especially for TNI soldiers.

The Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia as one of the largest archipelagic countries in the world with 17,499 islands, and dominated by waters of which two thirds or about 5.8 million km<sup>2</sup> with a coastline of 80,791 km, (Pusjidos, 2017; Marsetio, 2013) verified by the United Nations in 2017, with the concept of the Integrated Fleet Weapon System (SSAT) implemented by the Indonesian Navy. Submarine is one of the war machines and defense tools that have strategic value in national defense, KRI Nanggala 402 is a submarine that has the ability to collect intelligence data in peacetime, and carry out tactical-strategic reconnaissance, carry out infiltration, and underwater warfare. in the defense of maritime areas (Saefulloh, 2021).

The effectiveness of maintaining maritime security through submarine patrols is very promising, according to data from various sources stating that stealth submarines with proper mobility and firepower are the advantages and measures of strength of a national defense, especially stealth submarines (Carlk, 2020). So do not be surprised if the operational authority for submarines is directly at the TNI Headquarters, in this case by the TNI Commander, through the TNI AL Headquarters. In matters relating to state security, it is no longer the responsibility of certain parties, but the state through the president and the TNI commander who then spearheads the attitudes and policies that will be taken. From the KRI Nanggala 402 incident, the Indonesian Navy has made several steps. This was conveyed by the Commander of Kogabwilhan I Vice Admiral Muhammad Ali who is also the former Commander of KRI Nanggala 402. In the online discussion event "Submarine and Underwater Warfare Development" held by alumni of RSIS in Indonesia, the Department of International Relations, University of Indonesia, Jakarta Defense Studies, and Lab 45, Thursday (21/4/2022). The steps taken by the Indonesian Navy after the KRI Nanggala incident were the Submarine Operations Command under the Indonesian Military Command. This Koopskassel not only works in the context of submarine operations, but also rescues submarine emergencies.

KRI Nanggala 402 as part of the defense system, is the main tool of the defense system (Alutsista) which has high effectiveness and deterrence. In other words, the TNI, both the Army, Air Force and the Navy have their respective roles, functions and main tasks in maintaining state security. According to Marsetio (2013) the TNI must have strategic weapons and have high deterrence, in the form of adequate defense equipment, one of which is a submarine, this type of ship has a very high strategic value, in accordance with Indonesia's geographical constellation, as well as a group of islands that are utilized. in naval warfare strategy. Meanwhile, according to Sulistijono (2017) submarines are very feared in naval warfare, because their movements are difficult to detect and can infiltrate the heart of the opponent's defense without being detected, with effective attack capabilities. So it's not surprising that several countries in the world are vying to build their submarine strength and underwater warfare capabilities, Marcus Hellyer of the Australian Strategic Policy Institute (ASPI) said, going forward, submarine and anti-submarine operations will increase.

The KRI Nanggala 402 incident which caused the death of 53 crew members became a national disaster, because it was related to a country's defense system. In addition, the services of the soldiers need to be respected and remembered as services in protecting state security, the sinking incident of KRI Nanggala 402 was also felt by various countries in the world, especially countries that are members of the Asia-Pacific Submarine Conference (APSC) with the presence of assistance. during the search and evacuation phase by the International Submarine Escape and Rescue Liaison Office (ISMERLO), as well as a lot of support and assistance related to the incident, here are some submarine accidents collected from various sources:

**Table 1.****World Submarine Incident Data**

| <b>Submarine</b>              | <b>State / Year</b> | <b>Victim</b>    | <b>Reason</b>                 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Kursk (K-141)</b>          | Rusia / 2000        | 118 Crew         | Explodes due to missile test  |
| <b>USS Thresher (SSN 593)</b> | Thresher / 1963     | 129 Crew         | Problem with the pipe         |
| <b>USS Scorpion (SNN-589)</b> | USA / 1960          | 99 Crew          | –                             |
| <b>HMS Thetis (N25)</b>       | Inggris / 1938      | 99 from 103 Crew | Water enters the torpedo tube |
| <b>K-129</b>                  | Uni Soviet / 1968   | 98 Crew          | Human Error                   |
| <b>USS Tang</b>               | Jepang / 1944       | –                | Human Error                   |
| <b>Ming 361</b>               | China / 2003        | 70 Crew          | Machine Error                 |
| <b>K-152 Nepra</b>            | Russia              | 20 Cres          | Trial Failed                  |
| <b>KRI Nanggala-402</b>       | Indonesia / 2021    | 53 Crew          | –                             |

*Source: Google and processed by researchers, 2021*

From the data above, it is confirmed that most of the submarine accidents that have occurred have caused very large casualties and are unlikely to be saved, with technical calculations and calculations related to the rescue mechanism for a submarine accident that occurred. This also happened to the KRI Nanggala-402 accident, where the entire crew of the ship died, the state has taken the initiative to make a national disaster with deep sorrow in the status of patrol in eternity or "On Eternal Patrol".

As a form of the Government's efforts in resolving the problem of the sinking of KRI Nanggala 402 internally and externally, ensuring the welfare of the heirs of the crew who died, carried out by conducting technical evaluations related to the possible causes of the accident, as well as coordinating settlements related to the rights of the soldiers, through various a form of psychological, material, social, educational and legal assistance for the entire family of Soldiers in the KRI Nanggala 402 incident. Coordinating Minister for Human Development and Culture (Menko PMK) Muhadjir Effendy said that some of the assistance distributed had involved the Ministry of Social Affairs (Kemensos), Asabri, and the Ministry of Education and Culture (Kemendikbud), especially those related to scholarships, Kompas (24 April 2021), and the involvement of the Ministry of Public Works and Public Housing (PUPR) regarding the construction of housing for the families of soldiers of KRI Nanggala-402. This has proven how the state is present in responding to and handling the sinking incident of KRI Nanggala-402, which makes it the government's duty and obligation to solve it, as a form of implementing Good Governance, in accordance with the principles, principles, basic values and the applicable code of ethics.

The Ministry of Social Affairs and the Coordinating Minister for Human Development accompanied President Joko Widodo during his visit to the families of the soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 in Surabaya, on this occasion the government provided compensation to the heirs of the soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 who died (Kompas, April 29, 2021). The subsidies launched by the Ministry of Social Affairs are expected to build self-reliance for the community (Kiswanto, 2021). In this context, it is to support the welfare of the heirs of soldiers who died in the KRI Nanggala 402 incident.

Not only that, Bank Mandiri Taspen (Bank Mantap) was appointed by PT ASABRI (Persero) as a partner to pay Asabri's benefit rights in the form of the Old Age Savings Program (THT), Work Accident Insurance (JKK). It doesn't just stop at material assistance. Providing scholarship facilities for the children of KRI Nanggala 402 soldiers to continue their education at the schools targeted by the ministry of defense and the

TNI Academy, sindonews.com (29 April 2021), on 15 January 2022, the Chief of Naval Staff (KSAL) Admiral TNI Yudo Margono inaugurated the construction of the KRI Nanggala 402 monument which aims to commemorate the history that KRI Nanggala 402 had been part of the Indonesian Navy's defense system for 40 years and as a form of concern for families that can be used as a means of pilgrimage (Dispenal, 15 January 2022), To commemorate the 1st anniversary of the KRI Nanggala 402 incident, on April 20, 2022, the Minister of Defense, Prabowo Subianto, symbolically handed over a special house (Rusus) for the families of soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 (PUPR, April 20, 2022).

The government's efforts are in line with what was conveyed by Dermawan (2010) that the governance of warships that are no longer on duty (Dispose) must have awards that are not only for the state, but for crew members who have died, in addition to being the object of maritime education, and a sustainable economy. It is important to underline that the KRI Nanggala 402 submarine incident is an important part of the security of the injured country, so it needs input and efforts from the government, academies or defense observers. In other words, the state's efforts in overcoming social problems after the KRI Nanggala 402 incident for the families of soldiers were carried out as much as possible. Therefore, this study aims to measure the success of the state in overcoming the problem of the KRI Nanggala 402 incident, especially for heirs. Where they are part of the symbol of soldiers who have died in the incident.

## 2. Research Methods

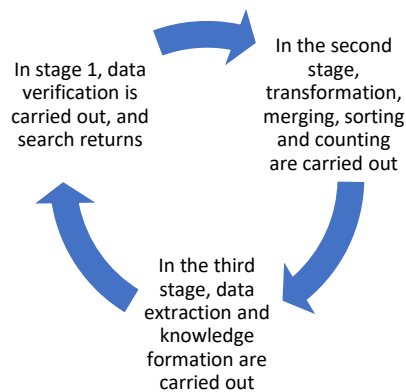
The method used in this research is descriptive analysis qualitative research method. This study uses descriptive qualitative research methods. Descriptive method is a procedure or method used to solve the problem being faced in the current situation which is carried out by describing or describing the state of the research (Maman, 2017). This research focuses more on case studies which are detailed research on a particular object over a certain period of time with sufficient depth and thoroughness. The focus of this research includes:

- a. State policies related to the resolution of the KRI Nanggala 402 incident in accordance with the Constitution no. 34 Year 2004
- b. The government's efforts to ensure the welfare of the families of soldiers who died, both in terms of psychology, welfare and education for the children of the crew of the KRI Nanggala 402 submarine.
- c. Public management applied by the government to the families of the crew of the KRI Nanggala 402 submarine. Public management is a scientific branch of public administration that discusses organizational restructuring, budgeting systems, resource management and program evaluation. The concept of public management is very dependent on the situation and existing environmental conditions so that it can function properly. The main management function is PODSCORB (Planning, Organizing, Staffing, Directing, Coordinating, Reporting, Budgeting), (Dananar, Oscar Radyan, 2014)

The theory used to strengthen the focus of this research is descriptive qualitative theory, with the process of observing and analyzing the phenomena that occur, namely data analysis and government policies on the heirs of soldiers who died in the KRI Nanggala 402 incident. Descriptive analysis in this study is a research procedure to describe the phenomena that occur (Sugiyono, 2010). This analysis was used to test the descriptive hypothesis, which used the sequence of events. Observation of the data is done by measuring the number of runs in an event.

Data analysis in this study includes several points including:

- a. Verification,
- b. data organization,
- c. back search,
- d. Transformation,
- e. merger,
- f. sorting,
- g. Calculations / calculations
- h. Extraction of data to form information, and
- i. Knowledge formation (Witarto, 2008)



**Figure 1.**

### **Data Analysis**

*Source: Processed by researcher / Wintarto (2008).*

The analysis of the data above is an important part of this research, with a descriptive analysis approach to explain how the government's efforts in dealing with the KRI Nanggala 402 incident both in managing the sunken submarine, as well as ensuring the welfare of the heirs of the crew who died. In line with that according to Creswell (2013) that qualitative research with a descriptive analysis approach involves important efforts in collecting data, such as asking questions, looking for secondary and primary sources from direct or indirect data sources, so that the specific data generated is truly be suitable data for research.

### **3. Results And Discussion**

Based on descriptive data analysis of the 3 variables that have been identified, this study shows the following results:

#### **a. Law as the Basis for the Resolution of the KRI Nanggala 402 Incident**

If referring to Law No. 34 of 2004, the government has a basis for resolving the KRI Nanggala 402 incident. The data obtained is related to the basic foundation of the Act. Every policy taken by the government must focus on the basis of the applicable law. According to Taw (1999) that the principle of defense is to determine and create prosperity and peace. So that Law no. 34 of 2004 article 49-50 emphasizes that every soldier gets a decent income and is financed entirely by the state through the budget in the APBN (Law No. 34/2004).

In other words, the KRI Nanggala 402 incident gave the fallen soldiers the rights of their heirs or families. This was emphasized by the Defense Ministry, Prabowo Subianto, that "I hope that the bereaved family will be given strength and be strong in facing this disaster. The government and our community institutions as well as many corporations have made decisions to safeguard the future of the entire family of the Nanggala crew" (Wira, 2021)

The decision was of course taken from the basis of the law, so that the soldiers who died in the Nanggala 402 incident were the Indonesian Navy, who were the front guard guarding Indonesian territorial security and maritime boundaries (Adi Wibowo, 2021). This is a form of government openness that seeks to maintain and fulfill human rights. Various government decisions and policies through the principle of openness will be a driving force for the community to participate in solving problems related to common interests (Aridhayani, 2018).

According to Darmawan (2020) the management of the sunken ship is part of the government on the grounds that submarines are a strategic defense system in the territorial waters. This is also emphasized by Ritonga (2018) that most of Indonesia's territory is dominated by waters so that the major responsibility for national defense lies with the Indonesian Navy in the context of a maritime country.

From the description above, both legally and theoretically, Indonesia in this context has the government's responsibility for the management of sunken ships, especially KRI Nanggala-402. This means that the basis for resolving the KRI Nangal 402 incident is indeed in the hands of the president and the TNI Commander.



In addition to related parties who helped, such as the results of the diplomacy of the foreign minister who then assisted with tools to find the skeleton of the KRI submarine that had sunk, such as from Singapore, Australia, China and so on.

**b. The Government's Efforts to Ensure the Welfare of Soldiers' Families**

Several government efforts in ensuring the welfare of the families of Indonesian Navy soldiers in the KRI Nanggal 402 incident put more emphasis on welfare and psychology. This means that welfare includes the necessities of life, education and eligibility. While on the psychological aspect, namely assistance from the psychological service and related parties in the ministry of defense.

According to Hamid, (2018) there are social and psychological needs, such as appreciation, recognition, safety, protection, security, social security, and so on. In short, motivation can be interpreted as an integral part, and hunting relationship in the context of the process of coaching, developing, and directing human resources.

**Table 2.**  
**Stakeholders On Behalf of the Government who Provide Family Social Benefits KRI Nanggala 402**

| <i>Stakeholder</i>                            | <b>Type of Help</b> | <b>Aid Purpose</b>             |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>President of the Republic of Indonesia</b> | Fund Compensation   | Economic and Education         |
| <b>KAPOLRI</b>                                | Fund Compensation   | Education and Social           |
| <b>Panglima TNI</b>                           | Fund Compensation   | Education and Social           |
| <b>PLN</b>                                    | Fund Compensation   | Economic and Social            |
| <b>BASARNAS</b>                               | Fund Compensation   | Social                         |
| <b>Ministry of Social Affairs</b>             | Fund Compensation   | Economic and Social            |
| <b>KASAL (TNI-AL)</b>                         | Fund Compensation   | Education, Economic and Social |
| <b>ASABRI</b>                                 | Fund Compensation   | Education and Economic         |
| <b>Ministry of Defense</b>                    | Fund Compensation   | Education                      |
| <b>PELINDO</b>                                | Fund Compensation   | Economic and Social            |

*Source: Processed by researcher, 2021*

The assistance given to the family was in addition to the salaries and allowances of the crew of the KRI Nanggala 402 submarine who had died. In addition to material assistance in the form of funds, housing and other social benefits, the government also provides assistance in the form of psychological and educational approaches for the sons and daughters of the fallen soldiers.

**Table 3.**  
**Kinds of Awards and Respect from the Government for the Crews of the Submarine KRI Nanggala 402 Who Died**

| <i>Stakeholder</i>   | <b>Type of Award</b>   | <b>Type of Respect</b>  |
|--|--|---|
| President of the Republic of Indonesia and Stakeholder (TNI POLRI, Ministry of Defense, Ministry of Social Affairs, BASARNAS, dll) | 1. Jalasena Star Award<br>2. Ascension of Fallen Soldiers<br>3. Education Guarantee up to S1 for Heirs | 1. Flag at half mast<br>2. Unseen Prayers and Tahlil<br>3. Distribution of House Keys from the Ministry of Defense to the Heirs |

*Source: Processed by researcher, 2021*

This honor and award is given on the basis of the law and deep condolences for the country, with the meaning that the services and sacrifices of the soldiers who commanded the KRI Nangal 402 submarine are evidence of extraordinary national defense. So that it is the duty of the state to give respect and appreciation to the heroes of the country.

Assistance has also emerged from several parties, both private and individual, this is proof that the KRI Nangal 402 incident is a national disaster. Not only from within the country, but also assistance from abroad came in resolving the KRI Nanggala 402 incident.

**Table 4.**  
**Stakeholders from Outside the Government Who Assisted in Resolving the KRI Nanggala 402 Incident**

| <b>Stakeholder</b>           | <b>Type of Help</b>    | <b>Aid Purpose</b>   |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>PT. Sucofindo Pusat</b>   | Fund Compensation      | Economic             |
| <b>PT. SIDOMUNCUL</b>        | Fund Compensation      | Economic             |
| <b>Bank Mandiri</b>          | Fund Compensation      | Economic and Social  |
| <b>Bank BRI</b>              | Fund Compensation      | Economic and Social  |
| <b>Defense Attaché</b>       | Fund Compensation      | Economic and Social  |
| <b>PT. Indadi Setia</b>      | Fund Compensation      | Economic             |
| <b>PT. Trias Sentosa</b>     | Fund Compensation      | Economic             |
| <b>TONOTO FOUNDATION</b>     | Education Compensation | Education and Social |
| <b>Naval Academy Alumni</b>  | Fund Compensation      | Social, Economic     |
| <b>ACT</b>                   | Fund Compensation      | Social               |
| <b>Individual and Others</b> | Fund Compensation      | Economic and Social  |

*Source: Processed by researcher, 2021*

As stated above, social economic assistance and education are the main assistance for the heirs of KRI Nanggala 402 Soldiers who have died. In line with that, the results of the government's diplomacy with ASEAN and European countries also had a good impact, especially in resolving the KRI Nanggala 402 incident.

**Tabel 5.**  
**Indonesian Government Diplomacy Results Assistance with Asean and European Countries**

| <b>Stakeholder / State</b> | <b>Type of Help</b> | <b>Aid Purpose</b> |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|

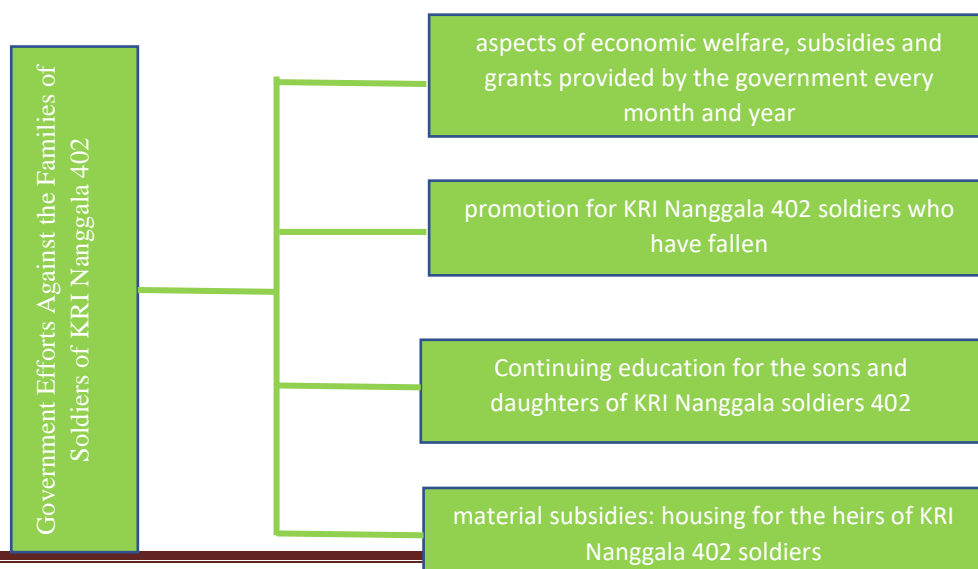
|  |  |                         |
|--|--|-------------------------|
| <b>Singapura</b>   | Kapal Selam MV Swift Rescue              | Search KRI Nanggala 402 |
| <b>Malaysia</b>  | RMN                                      | Search KRI Nanggala 402 |
| <b>India</b>   | Deep Submerged Rescue Vassel             | Search KRI Nanggala 402 |
| <b>Australia</b>   | Submarine                                | Search KRI Nanggala 402 |
| <b>Amerika Serikat</b>                                     | Cooperation with the Minister of Defense | Search KRI Nanggala 402 |
| <b>Departement of Foreign Affairs and Trade Australian</b> | Fund Compensation                        | Education and Social    |
| <b>Atase Pertahanan Inggris</b>                            | Fund Compensation                        | Education and Economic  |

Source: Processed by researcher, 2021

In other words, the efforts of public management and government leadership in cooperating as a government organization are in accordance with their duties and functions. According to Darmawan (2020) the government will achieve the context of good governance or good governance, if it can mobilize all elements of government in accordance with their main duties and functions. From the description of the data above, all government elements related to KRI Nanggala 402 and national defense can move according to their main tasks and functions, so that the resolution of the KRI Nanggala 402 incident can be handled quickly and on target.

Not only about welfare in the financial sector but also in the context of maintaining the psyche of the soldiers' families who were left behind. Of course this holds a deep sorrow, especially for their children. Assistance for psychologically abandoned families can restore enthusiasm and passion to continue a better life (Kalambo, et. al., 2019). The government's efforts to maintain and provide assistance to the families of soldiers who died are made as much as possible.

This effort was made by the government as a form of government responsibility towards the families of the crew of KRI Nanggala 402 considering the soldiers who were always ready and fought with all their body and soul in protecting the Indonesian nation and state. In other words, some of the government's efforts to ensure the welfare of the heirs or families of the soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 who died in the waters of the Bali Strait are not only in terms of economic welfare, but also psychological, educational and survival aspects. This is worth it because what was sacrificed by the soldiers who died in the KRI Nanggala 402 incident is proof of their loyalty and efforts to increase a strong alusista (Gultom, 2021).





**Figure 2.**

**The Government's Efforts to Ensure the Welfare of the Heirs of KRI Nanggala 402**

*Source: Researcher,, 2021*

The government's efforts towards the heirs of the soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 include several focuses, including the focus on welfare aspects, institutional aspects in the form of promotions for the soldiers who died, as well as the continuity of education of the heirs and subsidies in the form of material for the heirs as a life support. According to Astuti, (2021) the government should not only focus on policies, but on strategies and aspects of development directly.

**Table 6.**

**The Role of the Psychology and Mentoring Team for the families of KRI Nanggala 402 Crew**

| <b>ASPECT</b>  | <b>EFFORT</b>  | <b>SUCCESS ACHIEVEMENTS</b>  |
|--|--|--|
| <b>Mentoring the Wife of the Crew of the Ship KRI Nanggala 402</b> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The Psychology Team listens to stories and complaints</li><li>2. Provide the psychology team number if at any time you need further assistance</li><li>3. SEFT therapy is performed to reduce the perceived complaints</li><li>4. Provide PFA and psychoeducation</li><li>5. Provide psychological, health and spiritual assistance</li></ol>             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The condition of the ABK's wife is stable and returning to their activities according to their respective professions</li><li>2. We accept with great heart the departure of the KRI crew</li></ol> |
| <b>Mentoring the Children of ABK KRI Nanggala 402</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The Psychology Team provides assistance and guidance in reducing post-incident trauma</li><li>2. Provide educational support up to the college stage and ready to work</li><li>3. Providing education scholarships up to university stage</li><li>4. Provide a priority scale if the children of ABK enter the TNI/Polri, especially the TNI-AL</li></ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Some of the sons and daughters of ABK became TNI-AL soldiers, both the Naval Academy (AAL) and the Navy NCO</li><li>2. Guaranteed school scholarships</li></ol>                                     |
| <b>Parental Assistance for ABK KRI Nanggala 402</b>                | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The Psychology Team listens to stories and complaints</li><li>2. Provide the psychology team number if at any time you need further assistance</li><li>3. Provide psychological,</li></ol>  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The condition of the ABK parents, both biological parents and in-laws, have returned to their activities and the condition is stable</li></ol>  |

|  |                                 |  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
|  | health and spiritual assistance |  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|

Source: *Processed by Researcher, 2021*

Psychological assistance is the government's effort to prepare humans, in this case the heirs of the KRI Nanggala 402 soldier, to not be traumatized and to live a better life. Therefore, the government's role in this case is to assist and rebuild. Astuti (2021) illustrates that human development is an effort to transfer power and strength to other humans in order to survive and be able to move back as before.

**c. Public Management applied by the government to the families of the crew of the submarine KRI Nanggala-402**

One form of government respect for the fallen soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 is to raise their rank. In her speech, Puan Maharani as chairman of the DPR-RI supported the promotion of the KRI Nanggala 402 soldiers who had died as a form of respect for their services (dpr.go.id, 26-04-2021/ accessed 07-12-2021). Therefore, various not only guarantee promotion for fallen soldiers, but also guarantee welfare for the heirs of fallen soldiers. Welfare in question is a description of the family or conditions that have been subjectively evaluated for the continuity of life (Diener, in Raharjo, et al., 2015). This means that welfare includes economic, psychological and educational welfare.

As stated in point (b) above, the government has sought several welfare contexts for the families of the fallen soldiers of KRI Nanggala-402, from subsidies, psychological assistance, and educational allowances and scholarships for the children of soldiers who were left behind. This award is a form of respect for the services of the soldiers of KRI Nanggala 402 who gave their souls and bodies for the defense of the Indonesian state. Because KRI Nanggala 402 is not only a defense weapon system but also a form of national defense strategy. This defense strategy is focused on the core defense. In facing threats to national security itself, the TNI as the main component of national defense has policies in the form of deterrence strategies, enforcement strategies, and recovery strategies that have been prepared in the face of various forms of threats (Darmawan, et al., 2020).

According to Heryati (2020) in addition to Law Number 24 of 2007, the government is present either institutionally or in value. Disaster management is a necessity, this is because it is the full responsibility of the government. Therefore, the handling of the KRI Nanggala 402 soldiers who died in the waters of the Bali strait, as well as efforts to the heirs and families are a form of the government's effort to be present and become an important part in ensuring prosperity and being a defense for them, especially the nation and state.

In addition, Wijaya and Damar (2014) Management directs the government to related government organizations to support and accommodate each other in solving public problems. If this is related to the KRI Naggala 402 submarine incident, the government has issued a policy that the KRI Naggala 402 incident is a national disaster, so that both the TNI - Polri and the relevant ministries cooperate in resolving the incident. Not only that, this is in line with Lynn (1996) who said that public management in the context of a profession is to reaffirm its position and duties, which will be directly related to the results obtained from the duties and principals carried out by each element of the organization, especially the government.

**4. Conclusion**

From the results and discussion above, this research can be concluded that the KRI Nanggala 402 Incident is part of the government's responsibility. The efforts made by the government are not only in the aspect of searching and handling at sea. But on the aspect of heirs and welfare of his life. The Indonesian government with the implementation of good governance has implemented several efforts and strategies to ensure the welfare of the heirs of soldiers who died in the KRI Nanggala 402 incident, including: promotions, housing subsidies, education and economy, as well as healing or psychological assistance. by the psychology team from the Indonesian government.

Departing from good governance, the government should make sustainability guarantees for the welfare of the heirs of the Soldiers who died in the KRI Nanggala 402 incident so that it becomes a defense and

security strategy, especially for the heirs, financially and morally, such as education and welfare, including the scope of psychological.

From the maximum efforts above, one recommendation for researchers is to seek psychological, educational and welfare aspects of the heirs by optimizing the up to down process that is really detailed and maximal. So that there is no fear of inequality and an exception statement appears from the wider community.

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